BEFORE THE CORPORATION COMMISSION OF THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA

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IN THE MATTER OF THE APPLICATION OF OKLAHOMA GAS AND ELECTRIC COMPANY FOR AN ORDER OF THE COMMISSION AUTHORIZING APPLICANT TO MODIFY ITS RATES, CHARGES, AND TARIFFS FOR RETAIL ELECTRIC SERVICE IN OKLAHOMA

CASE NO. PUD 2023-000087



RESPONSIVE TESTIMONY

OF

FARZAD KHALILI

APRIL 26, 2024

BEFORE THE CORPORATION COMMISSION OF THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA

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TABLE OF CONTENTS

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY	3
INTRODUCTION	4
PURPOSE	5
PUD'S REVIEW PROCESS	5
AD VALOREM TAX	6
ACCUMULATED DEFERRED INCOME TAX	
EXCESS DEFERRED INCOME TAX	7
UNBILLED REVENUE OVER/UNDER ACCOUNTS	
CURRENT INCOME TAX EXPENSE	9
CASH WORKING CAPITAL	9
INTEREST SYNCHRONIZATION	15
REVENUE REQUIREMENT EXHIBIT	16
RECOMMENDATION	21
LIST OF EXHIBITS	23

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

2	On December 29, 2023, Oklahoma Gas and Electric Company ("OG&E" or "Company")
3	filed an Application for a modification of its rates, charges, and tariffs for retail electric
4	service in Oklahoma. The Public Utility Division ("PUD") of the Oklahoma Corporation
5	Commission ("OCC") reviewed the Application, workpapers, and testimony filed by
6	Company witnesses, and prior Commission Orders. PUD issued data requests and
7	reviewed the responses by OG&E as well as responses to data requests issued by other
8	parties in this case. Additionally, PUD conducted multiple onsite and virtual audit
9	conferences with Company personnel to discuss test year and post-test year adjustments.
10	After review, PUD recommends that the Commission accept the following adjustments:
11 12 13 14 15 16	• Revenue Requirement: OG&E requested an Oklahoma jurisdictional revenue requirement increase of \$332,537,342. Based upon the impact of all PUD-recommended adjustments in this Case, PUD recommends an Oklahoma jurisdictional revenue requirement increase of \$133,474,572. The impact of each adjustment is demonstrated in PUD's Revenue Requirement Exhibit, filed separately from this testimony.
17 18	• Ad Valorem Tax: PUD Adjustment H-8 to decrease Ad Valorem Tax Expense by \$(740,735) based on PUD's adjustment to Plant in Service.
19 20 21 22 23 24	• Interest Synchronization: PUD recommends an adjustment to interest expense within the income tax calculation to reflect changes to rate of return and rate base. Interest Synchronization is a method that provides an interest expense deduction for regulatory income tax purposes equal to the ratepayers' contribution to OG&E for interest expense coverage. PUD recommends a decrease for the Company's interest expense of \$(568,051).
25 26	• Current Income Tax Expense: PUD recommends an increase to OG&E's pro forma Current Income Taxes of \$37,045,869
27 28 29 30	• Cash Working Capital ("CWC") : PUD recommends an adjustment to CWC to reflect all of PUD's recommended changes to the expenses included within the CWC calculation in Schedule E. PUD's recommended adjustment will increase OG&E's pro forma CWC, resulting in a decrease to rate base of \$(1,135,761).

1		INTRODUCTION
2	Q:	Please state your name and your business address.
3	A:	My name is Farzad Khalili. My business address is Oklahoma Corporation Commission,
4		Public Utility Division, Will Rogers Office Building, PUD Suite 414, 2401 North Lincoln
5		Boulevard, Oklahoma City, Oklahoma 73105.
6	Q:	Have you previously testified before the Commission and were your qualifications
7		accepted?
8	A:	Yes. I have previously testified before the Commission and my qualifications were
9		accepted at that time.
10	Q:	Who employs you and what is your position?
11	A:	I am employed by the Commission as a PUD Programs Manager VI.
12	Q:	How long have you been so employed?
13	A:	I have been employed by the Commission since November 2013.
14	Q:	What are your duties and responsibilities with PUD?
15	A:	I conduct research and perform comparative analysis of utility applications, reports,
16		financial records, and workpapers to ensure that PUD can make accurate, fair, just and
17		reasonable recommendations. As a Programs Manager, my work focuses on analyzing and
18		making recommendations for electric, gas, and Oklahoma Universal Service Fund
19		("OUSF") cases. I assist PUD's OUSF group in reviewing the requests for funding,

updating forms and templates, and performing research on and analysis of
 telecommunications-related matters. My other duties include preparing testimony on
 behalf of PUD related to electric, gas, and OUSF cases. For a complete list of my work
 history and educational background, please review the attached curriculum vitae.¹

5

<u>PURPOSE</u>

6 Q: What is the purpose of this Responsive Testimony in this Cause?

A: The purpose of this Responsive Testimony is to present PUD's analysis and recommendations
to the Commission regarding the following areas of review: Ad Valorem Tax, Accumulated
Deferred Income Tax ("ADIT"), Excess Deferred Income Tax ("EDIT"), Unbilled Revenue
Over/Under Accounts, Current Income Tax Expense, Cash Working Capital ("CWC"),
Interest Synchronization, and the Revenue Requirement Exhibit.

12

PUD'S REVIEW PROCESS

13 Q: Please explain PUD's review process in this Cause.

14 A: PUD reviewed the Application, Direct Testimony of Company witnesses, schedules, 15 workpapers, and sponsored exhibits filed by the Company. Additionally, PUD reviewed 16 Commission orders, prior testimony and workpapers. PUD issued data requests and 17 reviewed the responses provided by OG&E. PUD also reviewed the data requests issued 18 by intervenors, as well as the associated responses. PUD conducted in-person and virtual 19 audit conferences with the Company, during which PUD reviewed documentation and held 20 discussions with the Company witnesses who manage the areas and perform the functions

¹ Exhibit FK-1.

under review. Finally, PUD conducted a subsequent virtual audit conference with OG&E
 personnel to discuss six-month post-test year updates.

3		AD VALOREM TAX
4	Q:	What adjustment is the Company proposing in Ad Valorem Tax?
5	A:	OG&E proposed adjustment H-2-17 to reflect expected changes due to increases in the rate
6		base. The Company is requesting a pro forma adjustment of \$8,540,825.
7	Q:	What did PUD do to review the Company's Ad Valorem Tax adjustment?
8	A:	PUD reviewed WP H-2-17 provided by the Company, Direct Testimony ² , supporting
9		documentation, and conducted in-person audits with the Company to discuss the area.
10	Q:	Does PUD have any concerns with this proposed adjustment?
11	A:	No. PUD reviewed support for the Ad Valorem Tax expense and found no issues with the
12		calculations. However, since PUD is making adjustments to the total electric Plant in
13		Service, a corresponding adjustment to the Company's ad valorem tax expense must be
14		made. PUD Adjustment H-8 to decrease the ad valorem tax by \$(740,735) is derived by
15		multiplying PUD adjustment B-1 to decrease the total electric plant in service by
16		\$(115,030,241)—as explained in Paul Alvarez's and Dennis Stephens' testimonies—by
17		the ratio of 0.57% . ³ The final ad valorem tax amount should be set at the level consistent
18		with the total plant amount approved by the Commission.

² Direct Testimony of Jason J. Thenmadathil at page 6, lines 1-19.

³ WP H2.17 Ad Valorem Taxes.

1		ACCUMULATED DEFERRED INCOME TAX
2	Q:	What adjustment is the Company proposing for Accumulated Deferred Income Tax
3		("ADIT")?
4	A:	OG&E is proposing adjustment RB-13 to adjust the ADIT balance as of the test year ending
5		of September 30, 2023. This results in a decrease of \$30,978,820 to the Company's rate
6		base.
7	Q:	What did PUD do to review the Company's ADIT adjustment?
8	A:	PUD reviewed W/P B-3-14 provided by the Company, Direct Testimony ⁴ , supporting
9		documentation, and conducted in-person and virtual audits with the Company to discuss
10		the area.
11	Q:	Does PUD have any concerns with this proposed adjustment?
12	A:	No. PUD reviewed support for the ADIT balance level and found no issues with the
13		calculations. PUD recommends the Adjustment B-9 to decrease OG&E's ADIT balance
14		by \$(3,517,205) based on the company's six-month post-test year update.
15		EXCESS DEFERRED INCOME TAX
16	Q:	What adjustment is the Company proposing for Excess Deferred Income Tax
17		("EDIT")?
18	A:	OG&E is proposing the pro forma adjustment of \$3,083,043 to the Federal EDIT and
19		\$51,795 to the Oklahoma EDIT to adjust both Federal and State EDIT balances as of the

⁴ Direct Testimony of James G. Fenno at page 8, lines 3-7.

1		test year ending September 30, 2023. This results in an adjustment of \$3,083,043 for
2		Federal EDIT and \$51,795 for State EDIT to the Book Taxable Income. ⁵
3	Q:	What did PUD do to review the Company's EDIT adjustment?
4	A:	PUD reviewed W/Ps J-1 and J-2 provided by the Company, supporting documentation, and
5		conducted in-person and virtual audits with the Company to discuss the area.
6	Q:	Does PUD have any concerns with this proposed adjustment?
7	A:	No. PUD reviewed support for the EDIT balance level and found no issues with the
8		calculations.
9		UNBILLED REVENUE OVER/UNDER ACCOUNTS
9 10	Q:	<u>UNBILLED REVENUE OVER/UNDER ACCOUNTS</u> What adjustment is the Company proposing for Unbilled Revenue Over/Under
	Q:	
10	Q: A:	What adjustment is the Company proposing for Unbilled Revenue Over/Under
10 11		What adjustment is the Company proposing for Unbilled Revenue Over/Under Accounts?
10 11 12		What adjustment is the Company proposing for Unbilled Revenue Over/Under Accounts? OG&E is proposing Adjustment H-1 to adjust the Unbilled Revenue and Over/Under
10 11 12 13 14	A:	What adjustment is the Company proposing for Unbilled Revenue Over/Under Accounts? OG&E is proposing Adjustment H-1 to adjust the Unbilled Revenue and Over/Under Recoveries balance as of the test year ending September 30, 2023. This results in a decrease of \$479,939,300 to the Company's rate base. ⁶
10 11 12 13		What adjustment is the Company proposing for Unbilled Revenue Over/Under Accounts? OG&E is proposing Adjustment H-1 to adjust the Unbilled Revenue and Over/Under Recoveries balance as of the test year ending September 30, 2023. This results in a decrease
10 11 12 13 14	A:	What adjustment is the Company proposing for Unbilled Revenue Over/Under Accounts? OG&E is proposing Adjustment H-1 to adjust the Unbilled Revenue and Over/Under Recoveries balance as of the test year ending September 30, 2023. This results in a decrease of \$479,939,300 to the Company's rate base. ⁶
 10 11 12 13 14 15 	A: Q:	What adjustment is the Company proposing for Unbilled Revenue Over/Under Accounts? OG&E is proposing Adjustment H-1 to adjust the Unbilled Revenue and Over/Under Recoveries balance as of the test year ending September 30, 2023. This results in a decrease of \$479,939,300 to the Company's rate base. ⁶ What did PUD do to review the Company's Unbilled Revenue adjustment?

⁵ WPs J-1 and J-2

⁶ Direct Testimony of Johnny Nguyen at pages. 5-6, lines 16-30 and 1-13

1 Q: Does PUD have any concerns with this proposed adjustment?

2 A: No. PUD reviewed support for this adjustment and found no issues with the calculations.

CURRENT INCOME TAX EXPENSE

4 Q: Please explain the difference between PUD's Income Tax Expense adjusmtnet
5 recommendation and the Income Tax Expense adjustment proposed by OG&E in
6 Schedule H-1 of PUD's Revenue Requirement Exhibit.

A: The difference is that PUD's recommended adjustment is for the change in current tax
expense resulting from all of PUD's recommended adjustments, which affects revenues
and expenses for the test year. This adjustment reflects the proper level of income taxes
resulting from PUD's recommended adjustments, rate base, rate of return, and Revenue
Requirement deficiency.

12

3

CASH WORKING CAPITAL

13 Q: Please explain CWC.

14 A: CWC is commonly defined as the level of net cash investment required to fund the timing 15 difference between the time the utility pays the necessary costs associated with providing 16 service to customers and the time the Company recovers those costs through customer bills. The phrase "working capital" must first be defined to clearly define CWC. A general 17 18 definition of "working capital" is the average amount of capital or money provided by 19 investors to the Company, over and above any investment in plant and other specifically 20 identified rate base items, to bridge the gap between the time expenditures are required to 21 provide service and the time collections are received for such service.

1 For ratemaking purposes, working capital is not a measure of liquidity at a point in time, 2 but represents a level of required investment that must be maintained on a continuing basis 3 in order for the utility to continue to provide safe and reliable service to its customers. The 4 general components of working capital include fuel inventories, payroll, other operating 5 and maintenance expenses, and taxes. The Company calculates its requested amount of 6 CWC based upon its requested expenses in these areas. During a rate proceeding, these 7 areas are reviewed by PUD analysts. After any adjustments are made to these expenses and inventories, the amount of CWC necessary for the Company to maintain continuing 8 9 operations is recalculated.

10 Q: Please explain what methods exist for calculating a utility's CWC requirement.

11 A: Three primary techniques can be utilized to determine a utility's CWC requirement: (1) the 12 45-day Standard Formula Approach; (2) the Balance Sheet Approach; and (3) the 13 performance of a Lead-Lag Study. None of these three methods will produce an allowance 14 that is a precise measure of CWC. However, the objective of the CWC requirement 15 determination should be to arrive at an allowance level that is reasonable, does not contain 16 obvious defects, and is not so time-consuming to compute that the cost exceeds the benefits 17 of arriving at what may be perceived as a more accurate determination.

18 Q: Please provide a brief description of the 45-day Standard Formula Approach for 19 determining a utility's CWC allowance.

A: As the name implies, the 45-day Standard Formula Approach uses a simple formula for the
calculation of a utility's CWC allowance. For an electric utility, the formula is generally

based on 1/8 (45/365 days ≈ 1/8) of annual Operating and Maintenance Expenses,
exclusive of Generating Fuel and Purchased Power Costs. This formula is often used by
the Commission for smaller utilities that do not have a sophisticated cash management
department. For a smaller utility, the cost and time required to perform a more detailed
CWC analysis would not be a cost-effective undertaking.

However, the 45-day Standard Formula Approach has several disadvantages. First, the
formula always provides a positive CWC allowance, and this may not be necessary
depending on a utility's cash flow. Second, the formula method is not a tailored approach
– that is, it is not based upon a specific analysis of a company's cash receipt and cash
payment patterns.

11 Q: Please provide a brief description of the Balance Sheet Approach for determining a 12 utility's CWC allowance.

A: The Balance Sheet Approach generally involves preparing a 13-month average of all
balance sheet amounts. After eliminating separately identified rate base items such as plant
and inventory investment balances and capital accounts, assets are compared with
liabilities. Under this approach, assets are requirements for CWC, and liabilities are
offsets.

18 The Balance Sheet Approach is not widely used by regulatory agencies. This method fails 19 to consider that a number of items included in current liabilities are investor-supplied 20 capital (such as accrued interest) or are applicable to non-utility activities. In addition, the

Balance Sheet Approach considers only account balances reflected at the end of each monthly accounting period. Thus, it does not specifically address the relationship that exists between assets and liabilities on a daily basis. Finally, the month-end balance of a specific account, such as supplies, may have very little relevance to the level of activity passing through the account during the month. In other words, this method does not adequately track the actual CWC requirements of the utility.

7 Q: Please explain the Lead-Lag Study method of calculating a utility's CWC allowance.

A: A Lead-Lag Study measures the differences in the time frames between: (1) the period of time services are rendered and the period of time the revenues for those services are received; and (2) the period of time that labor, materials, and services used in providing services are incurred and the period of time they are paid. Any difference in these periods is expressed in terms of days. The number of days multiplied by the average daily Operating Expense level for each expense category included in the calculation produces the CWC required to support operations.

While performing a Lead-Lag Study is time-consuming, PUD prefers to rely upon this methodology for determining a utility's CWC requirement when possible. The Lead-Lag Study provides a CWC allowance level that is based upon a specific analysis of the cash receipt and cash payment patterns of the company being reviewed and does so on a daily basis.

Q: Does PUD agree with the Company's methodology and the net lead-lag days utilized in Schedule E-1 of the Company's Application?

3 A: Yes. PUD agrees with the methodology used by the Company and recommends using the
4 net lead-lag days reflected in Column F of OG&E's Schedule E-1. These same net lead5 lag days were used in PUD's Revenue Requirement Exhibit Schedule E-1.

6 Q: Please describe the CWC allowance methodology used by PUD.

A: OG&E and PUD included only cash Cost of Service items, which are traditionally
earmarked as requiring a CWC allowance calculation. Cash Cost of Service items refer to
the Cost of Service items requiring the actual outlay of cash during the current accounting
period. Depreciation expense, investment tax credits, and return on common equity are
traditionally not included in a CWC calculation.

12 Q: Has the CWC calculation methodology recommended by PUD in this Case previously

13 been accepted by this Commission?

14 A: Yes. PUD recommended, and the Commission accepted, this CWC calculation
 15 methodology in recent rate cases involving Public Service Company of Oklahoma,⁷
 16 Oklahoma Natural Gas Company,⁸ and OG&E.⁹

Oklahoma Gas and Electric Company - Case No. PUD 2023-000087

⁷ Final Order No. 672864 in Cause No. PUD 201700151, Final Order No. 692809 in Cause No. PUD 201800097, and Final Order No. 738571 in Case No. PUD 2022-000093.

⁸ Final Order No. 648326 in Cause No. PUD 201500213, and Final Order No. 721916 in Cause No. PUD 202100063.

⁹ Final Order No. 702531 in Cause No. PUD 201800140, and Final Order No. 728277 in Cause No. PUD 202100164.

1 Q: Please summarize PUD's recommendation for CWC.

A: PUD has determined that OG&E has a CWC requirement of \$(61,371,852) as shown on
Schedule E-1, line 17 of PUD's Revenue Requirement Exhibit. OG&E requested a CWC
requirement of \$(60,236,091). Therefore, PUD recommends an increase of \$1,135,761 to
OG&E's requested CWC allowance to be included in rate base.

6 Q: Please explain the difference between PUD's CWC allowance recommendation and 7 the CWC proposed by OG&E.

A: The primary difference is that PUD's CWC allowance recommendation is based on the pro
forma Operating Expense levels recommended by PUD. OG&E developed its CWC
recommendation utilizing its own requested Operating Expense levels. Since a utility's
CWC requirement is generally a function of the level of Operating Expenses requested,
any change in the recommended Operating Expenses can affect the resulting CWC
recommendation.

With all of PUD's adjustments considered, PUD recommends increasing the Company's proposed CWC allowance by \$1,135,761. OG&E's ultimate CWC requirement will need to be recalculated after the Commission reaches its final decision with regard to which of the expense level adjustment recommendations advocated by the parties to this Case will be accepted.

	4		

INTEREST SYNCHRONIZATION

2 Q: Please define Interest Synchronization.

A: Interest Synchronization is a method that provides an interest expense deduction for regulatory income tax purposes equal to the ratepayers' contribution to the company for interest expense coverage. Since a utility's Revenue Requirement is partially driven by the application of a rate of return to the utility's rate base investment, the company will recover interest expense from its ratepayers equal to the effective weighted cost of debt embedded in the weighted rate of return.

9 Q: Please explain PUD's recommended Adjustment J-1.

A: PUD's Adjustment J-1 represents the change to OG&E's income tax calculation relating
to the synchronization of interest expense based upon the level of rate base and the cost of
debt recommended by PUD.

13 Q: Did OG&E propose an Interest Synchronization adjustment in quantifying its income

14 tax expense?

A: Yes. The interest expense amount shown on OG&E's Schedule J-2 of the current
Application was computed in this manner.

17 Q: Why is an Interest Synchronization adjustment necessary since OG&E has already

18 adjusted its income tax for this expense?

A: The Interest Synchronization calculation developed by OG&E is based on both the rate
base and cost of debt proposed by OG&E. Since PUD is recommending adjustments to

1 OG&E's rate base, it is necessary to also modify the Interest Synchronization components 2 of OG&E's income tax calculation to capture the impact of the adjustments recommended 3 by PUD. This will ensure the total interest expense is properly reflected in rates on a going 4 forward basis. PUD recommends decreasing the Company's interest on debt expense by 5 \$\\$(568,051), which is the difference between OG&E's proposed pro forma interest 6 synchronization and PUD's recommended interest synchronization.

7

REVENUE REQUIREMENT EXHIBIT

8

Q:

What is the Revenue Requirement Exhibit?

9 A: The Revenue Requirement Exhibit is the calculation of all PUD adjustments impacting the
10 Company's requested revenue requirement. The Revenue Requirement Exhibit was
11 prepared and filed as a separate document on the same day as PUD's Responsive
12 Testimony.

13 Q: What is the formula for calculating the Revenue Requirement?

- 14 A: The basic formula is:
- 15 Revenue Requirement = Rate Base x Rate of Return + Operating Expenses¹⁰

16 Q: What is the purpose of calculating the Revenue Requirement?

- 17 A: The Revenue Requirement is "the total amount of revenue the utility would need to provide
- 18 a reasonable opportunity to earn a fair rate of return on its investment, given specified

¹⁰ Regulatory Assistance Project. (2016, July 12). Electricity Regulation in the US: A Guide. Retrieved from https://www.raponline.org/wp-content/uploads/2016/05/rap-lazar-electricityregulationintheus-guide-2011-03.pdf.

assumptions about sales and costs."¹¹ The utility typically makes adjustments to its books
for the test year to determine its pro forma rate base and operating expenses in order to
reflect a normal operating year on a going forward basis. Once the total Revenue
Requirement is calculated, the utility then allocates the revenue to customer classes and
develops rates for each of those classes.

6 Q: How does PUD construct its Exhibit and calculate the Revenue Requirement?

A: PUD's Exhibit is comprised of schedules similar to those required under the Commission's
Chapter 70 rules for a general rate review.

9 PUD begins with the pro forma numbers filed by the utility for Rate Base, CWC, Capital
10 Structure and Cost, Operating Revenues and Expenses, Taxes, and the resulting Revenue
11 Requirement calculation. The pro forma numbers are those which have been already
12 adjusted by the utility in its original Application.

PUD then uses its exhibit to replicate the numbers provided by the utility in order to ensure they are calculated correctly. This process ensures, beyond basic arithmetic, that the utility has properly accounted for synchronization issues that can occur with Tax and Interest Expense, CWC, and other items which impact a utility's Revenue Requirement. If any mistakes are discovered in the Company's per books or pro forma numbers, PUD will include these material corrections in its own adjustment recommendations.

Responsive Testimony – Khalili Oklahoma Gas and Electric Company – Case No. PUD 2023-000087 Page 17 of 25

¹¹ Ibid.

Following its review of the Company's books, records, and operations, PUD develops adjustments to the pro forma numbers proposed in the Application. These adjustments are based upon PUD's reasonable conclusions for each review area. PUD inputs those adjustments into the appropriate schedules of its Revenue Requirement Exhibit. Secondary impacts to other areas that determine the Revenue Requirement, such as Cash Working Capital, Interest Expense, and Factoring Expense, are considered and included as necessary.

8 At the end of this process, PUD calculates its recommended Revenue Requirement and the 9 associated revenue increase or decrease, as seen on Schedule A of the Exhibit. This 10 detailed process allows PUD to provide the Commission with an accurate rate increase or 11 decrease recommendation.

12 Q: What is PUD's recommended revenue requirement and how does it compare to the

13 **Company's Application?**

A: Table 1 displays the difference between OG&E's filed revenue requirement and PUD's
 recommended revenue requirement. For specific adjustments, please see PUD's Revenue
 Requirement Exhibit and the supporting testimony of each witness listed therein.

17 **Table 1: Revenue Requirement**¹²

	OG&E	PUD	Reduction		
Oklahoma Jurisdiction					
Revenue Increase	Revenue Increase \$332,537,342 \$133,474,572 \$(199,062,77)				
Revenue Requirement	\$1,650,855,503	\$1,469,438,699			

¹² PUD Revenue Requirement Exhibit, Sch. A-1.

1 Q: Does PUD have adjustments to update Rate Base and Operating Income amounts to

2 March 31, 2024, the end of the six-month post-test year period?

3 A: Yes. The adjustments to update rate base and operating income amounts to March 31,

4 2024, the end of the six-month post-test year period, are as follows:

5 Table 2: List of Six-Month Post Test Year Adjustments¹³

PUD Adj. No.	Category	Area	Amount
B-5	Rate Base	Update Fuel Inventories to Six-Month Post Test Year	\$28,093,923
B-6	Rate Base	Update Gas In Storage to Six-Month Post Test Year	\$(8,055,805)
B-7	Rate Base	Update Materials & Supplies to Six- Month Post Test Year	\$31,597,283
B-8	Rate Base	Update Prepayments to Six-Month Post Test Year	\$1,705,339
B-9	Rate Base	Update Accumulated Deferred Income Taxes to Six-Month Post Test Year	\$(3,517,205)
B-10	Rate Base	Update Regulatory Assets to Six- Month Post Test Year	\$59,293,093
B-11	Rate Base	Update Regulatory Liabilities to Six- Month Post Test Year	\$15,133,626
B-12	Rate Base	Update Customer Deposits to Six- Month Post Test Year	\$(5,704,196)
B-13	Rate Base	Update Pension Benefit Asset to Six- Month Post Test Year	\$(7,059,437)
H-6	Expense	Update Bad Debt Expense to Six- Month Post Test Year	\$(24,753)
H-7	Revenue	Update Revenue to Six-Month Post Test Year	\$17,645,965
H-9	Expense	Update Pension Benefit to Six-Month Post Test Year	\$625,514
H-10	Expense	Update Payroll Expense to Six-Month Post Test Year	\$(4,092,075)
H-11	Expense	Update Payroll Tax to Six-Month Post Test Year	\$(331,073)

¹³ PUD Revenue Requirement Exhibit, Summary Tab.

H-14	Expense	Update SPP Expense to Six-Month Post Test Year	\$(50,306)
H-16	Expense	Update Amortization of Pension Reg Asset/Liability to Six-Month Post Test Year	\$(2,268)
H-17	Expense	Update Rate Case Expense to Six- Month Post Test Year	\$163,552

1 Q: Other than the adjustments to update OG&E's filed amounts to the six-month post

2 test year amounts, does PUD recommend adjustments to OG&E's Rate Base and

3 Operating Income amounts for other reasons?

- 4 A: Yes. The adjustments PUD recommends are explained in the PUD analysts' individual
- 5 testimonies as follows:

6 **Table 3: List of Other PUD Adjustments**¹⁴

Adj. No.	Category	Area	Amount	Analyst
B-1	Rate Base	Cash Working Capital Adjumstment- E-1	\$(1,135,761)	Khalili
B-2	Rate Base	Remove Grid Enhancement Projects	\$(90,774,555)	Alvarez
B-3	Rate Base	Disallow Plant Held for Future Use	\$(2,099,537)	Givens
B-4	Rate Base	Update Accumulated Depreciation to Six- month Post Test Year and Recalculate Using PUD Recommended Plant Balance	\$10,427,655	Givens
B-14	Rate Base	Reduce the Amount of Revenue Moving to Rate Base Based on GEM Rider	\$(4,498,050)	Campbell
B-15	Rate Base	Reduce the Amount Allocated to Transmission Substation Equipment Replacement Projects	\$(7,783,878)	Stephens
B-16	Rate Base	Reduce Discretionary Transmission Spending	\$(16,501,808)	Stephens
H-1	Income	Disallow 100% of Long Term Incentive Compensation	\$9,100,498	Scribner
H-2	Income	Reduce Payroll Tax associated with LTI	\$736,284	Scribner
H-3	Income	Reduce Other Compesnation	\$9,106,749	Scribner
H-4	Income	Reduce Payroll Tax associated with Other Compensation	\$736,736	Scribner

¹⁴ PUD Revenue Requirement Exhibit, Summary Tab.

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H-5	Income	Reduce Chamber of Commerce Dues	\$177,908	Aguirre
H-8	Income	Update Ad Valorem Tax Expense to Six-	* - · · - - -	
		month Post Test Year and Recalculated	\$740,735	Khalili
		Using PUD Recommended Plant Balance		
H-12	Income	Reduce Amortization of Pension Reg	\$5,282,149	Scribner
		Asset/liability	\$5,202,147	Scholich
H-13	Income	Update Depreciation Expense to Six-		
		month Post Test Year and Recalcuate	\$91,979,480	Givens
		Using PUD Recommended Rates and	\$91,979,400	Olvelis
		Plant Balances		
H-15	Income	Reduce Vegetation Management Expense	\$19,680,666	Alvarez
H-18	Income	Reduce Investor Relations Expense by	\$397,915	Alsup
		50%	ψ577,715	7 Houp

1		RECOMMENDATION		
2	Q:	What is the Public Utility Division's ("PUD") recommendation to the Oklahoma		
3		Corporation Commission ("Commission") concerning Oklahoma Gas and Electric		
4		Company's ("OG&E" or "Company") request for a modification of its rates, charges,		
5		and tariffs for retail electric service in Oklahoma?		
6	A:	PUD recommends the Commission accept the following adjustments:		
7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14		 Revenue Requirement: OG&E requested an Oklahoma jurisdictional revenue requirement increase of \$332,537,342. Based upon the impact of all PUD-recommended adjustments in this Case, PUD recommends an Oklahoma jurisdictional revenue requirement increase of \$133,474,572. The impact of each adjustment is demonstrated in PUD's Revenue Requirement Exhibit, filed separately from this testimony. Ad Valorem Tax: PUD Adjustment H-8 to decrease Ad Valorem Tax Expense by \$(740,735) based on PUD's adjustment to Plant in Service. 		
15 16 17 18 19 20		• Interest Synchronization: PUD recommends an adjustment to interest expense within the income tax calculation to reflect changes to rate of return and rate base. Interest Synchronization is a method that provides an interest expense deduction for regulatory income tax purposes equal to the ratepayers' contribution to OG&E for interest expense coverage. PUD recommends a decrease for the Company's interest expense of \$(568,051).		

1 2	• Current Income Tax Expense: PUD recommends an increase to OG&E's pro forma Current Income Taxes of \$37,045,869.
3 4 5 6	• Cash Working Capital ("CWC") : PUD recommends an adjustment to CWC to reflect all of PUD's recommended changes to the expenses included within the CWC calculation in Schedule E. PUD's recommended adjustment will increase OG&E's pro forma CWC, resulting in a decrease to rate base of \$(1,135,761).

I state, under penalty of perjury under the laws of Oklahoma, that the foregoing is true and correct to the best of my knowledge and belief.

Farzad Khalili Farzad Khalili

Oklahoma Gas & Electric Company – Case No. PUD 2023-000087

LIST OF EXHIBITS

FK-1

Curriculum Vitae

CASE PUD 2023-000087 ENTRY NO. 176 FILED IN OCC COURT CLERK'S OFFICE ON 04/26/2024 - PAGE 24 OF 26



Contact

Farzad Khalili

Curriculum Vitae

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580 Jim Thorpe Building P.O. Box 52000 Oklahoma City, OK 73152

Work Experience	Oklahoma Corporation Commission 2013-Present
-	Programs Manager VI– 3/2021-Present
	 Research and perform comparative analyses of public utility issue that are brought forth to the Commission.
	 Analyze utility financial records, cost studies, and reports to mak recommendations concerning utility operations, terms, conditions and prices of utility services.
	• Prepare and assist in the preparation of testimony and interrogatorie in order to serve as expert witness in state proceedings.
	Public Utility Division Manager – 4/2018-2/2021
	Oversaw a team of Regulatory Analysts and Auditors.
	 Enforced Commission rules and statutes related to telecommunications.
	 Prepared final orders and testimonies for Commission review. Reviewed current rules and statutes related to the Oklahoma Universal Service Fund.
	Oklahoma Universal Service Fund Coordinator- 11/2015-3/2018
	 Oversaw a team of Regulatory Analysts and Auditors. Reviewed policies related to the Oklahoma Universal Service Fund.
	Reviewed documentation presented by schools, libraries, and health care facilities for accounting accuracy.
	 Provided training for the Oklahoma Universal Service Fund Regulatory Analysts and Auditors.
	Public Utility Division Auditor – 11/2013-10/2015
	• Performed comparative analysis of the Oklahoma Universal Service Fund applications and all work papers.
	 Ensured that Public Utility Division made accurate recommendation in the area of Special Universal Services and Primary Universal Service causes.
	 Reviewed the OUSF applications, conducted onsite visits of the schools. Libraries, and health care facilities that requested OUSF funding, as well as reviewed bids that each entity received for competitive bid compliance.
	 Reviewed documentation presented by schools, libraries, and health care facilities for accounting accuracy.
	 Audited the outgoing monthly requested true-up funding for the OUSF applications that had been previously approved by the Oklahoma Corporation Commission.
	Cole and Reed, P.C. 2008-200
	Auditor
	 Prepared audit work papers and drafts of audit reports for review Reviewed the adequacy of systems and testing to verify the accuracy of data provided.
	• Evaluated the initial internal controls and reconciled general

• Evaluated the initial internal controls and reconciled general ledger accounts.

CASE PUD 2023-000087 ENTRY NO. 176 FILED IN OCC COURT CLERK'S OFFICE ON 04/26/2024 - PAGE 25 OF 26



Farzad Khalili

Curriculum Vitae

Education

University of Oklahoma

• Master of Public Administration-Public Policy

New Mexico State University

• Graduate Certificate- Public Utility Regulation and Economics

John F. Kennedy University-College of Law

• Doctor of Jurisprudence

University of Central Oklahoma

- Master of Business Administration- General Business
- Bachelor of Science- Accounting

CERTIFICATE OF ELECTRONIC SERVICE

This is to certify that on the 26th day of April, 2024, a true and correct copy of the above and foregoing was electronically served via the Electronic Case Filing System to those on the Official Electronic Case Filing Service List, or via electronic mail to the following persons:

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